

**OWENS-ILLINOIS, INC.  
LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL**

**To Tender in Respect of Any and All Outstanding  
7.80% Senior Debentures Due 2018  
(CUSIP No. 690768 BF 2)**

**Pursuant to the Offer to Purchase  
dated March 8, 2017**

**THE OFFER (AS DEFINED BELOW) WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON MARCH 14, 2017, UNLESS EXTENDED OR EARLIER TERMINATED BY THE ISSUER (AS DEFINED BELOW) (SUCH TIME, AS THE SAME MAY BE EXTENDED, THE "EXPIRATION TIME").**

*The Information Agent and Tender Agent for the Offer is:*  
**Global Bondholder Services Corporation**

*By Regular, Registered or Certified Mail;  
Hand or Overnight Delivery:*  
Global Bondholder Services Corporation  
65 Broadway, Suite 404  
New York, New York 10006  
Attention: Corporate Actions

*By Facsimile Transmission  
(for Eligible Institutions only):*  
(212) 430-3775

*For Confirmation by Telephone:*  
(212) 430-3774

**DELIVERY OF THIS LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL TO AN ADDRESS OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, OR TRANSMISSION OF INSTRUCTIONS VIA A FAX NUMBER OTHER THAN AS LISTED ABOVE, WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A VALID DELIVERY. HOLDERS WHO WISH TO BE ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE THE CONSIDERATION MUST VALIDLY TENDER THEIR DEBENTURES OR DELIVER A PROPERLY COMPLETED AND DULY EXECUTED NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY AT OR PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION TIME. THE METHOD OF DELIVERY OF THIS LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL, DEBENTURES, A NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY AND ALL OTHER REQUIRED DOCUMENTS TO THE TENDER AGENT, INCLUDING DELIVERY THROUGH THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY ("DTC") AND ANY ACCEPTANCE OR AGENT'S MESSAGE DELIVERED THROUGH DTC'S AUTOMATED TENDER OFFER PROGRAM ("ATOP"), IS AT THE ELECTION AND RISK OF HOLDERS.**

Owens-Illinois, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Issuer") is offering to purchase for cash any and all of its outstanding 7.80% Senior Debentures Due 2018, CUSIP No. 690768 BF 2 (the "Debentures"), from holders thereof (each, a "Holder" and collectively, the "Holders") upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Offer to Purchase dated March 8, 2017 (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the "Offer to Purchase"), the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the "Notice of Guaranteed Delivery") and this Letter of Transmittal (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, this "Letter of Transmittal" and, together with the Offer to Purchase and Notice of Guaranteed Delivery, the "Offer Documents"), which together constitute the "Offer." As of March 8, 2017, there was \$250,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Debentures outstanding.

Holders should carefully review the information set forth in the Offer Documents.

All capitalized terms used herein and not defined herein have the meaning given to them in the Offer to Purchase.

This Letter of Transmittal is to be completed by a Holder desiring to tender Debentures unless such Holder is executing the tender through ATOP. **A Holder tendering through ATOP does not need to complete a Letter of Transmittal.**

Holders that are tendering by book-entry transfer to the Tender Agent's account at DTC can execute the tender through ATOP, for which the transaction will be eligible. DTC participants that are accepting the Offer must transmit their acceptance to DTC, which will verify the acceptance and execute a book-entry delivery to the Tender Agent's account at DTC. DTC will then send an Agent's Message to the Tender Agent for its acceptance. Delivery of the Agent's Message by DTC will satisfy the terms of the Offer as to execution and delivery of a Letter of Transmittal by the participant identified in the Agent's Message.

For a description of certain procedures to be followed in order to tender Debentures (through ATOP or otherwise), see "Terms of the Offer— Procedure for Tendering Debentures" in the Offer to Purchase and the instructions to this Letter of Transmittal.

Delivery of documents to DTC does not constitute delivery to the Tender Agent.

Only Holders may validly tender their Debentures. The undersigned should complete, execute and deliver this Letter of Transmittal to indicate the action the undersigned desires to take with respect to the Offer.

The undersigned authorizes the Tender Agent to deliver this Letter of Transmittal to the Issuer as evidence of the undersigned's tender of Debentures.

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### **TENDER OF DEBENTURES**

- ☐ CHECK HERE AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING IF TENDERED DEBENTURES ARE BEING DELIVERED BY BOOK-ENTRY TRANSFER MADE TO THE ACCOUNT MAINTAINED BY THE TENDER AGENT WITH DTC:

Name of Tendering Institution: \_\_\_\_\_

DTC Account Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Transaction Code Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Tendered: \_\_\_\_\_

- ☐ CHECK HERE AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING IF YOU ARE DELIVERING TENDERED DEBENTURES PURSUANT TO A NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY THAT YOU PREVIOUSLY SENT TO THE TENDER AGENT:

Names(s) of Tendering Holder(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Execution of Notice of Guaranteed Delivery: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Institution that Guaranteed Delivery: \_\_\_\_\_

List below the Debentures to which this Letter of Transmittal relates. If the space provided is inadequate, list the principal amount of Debentures being tendered on a separately executed schedule and affix the schedule to this Letter of Transmittal. Tenders of Debentures will be accepted in base denominations of \$1,000 and in integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. No alternative, conditional or contingent tenders will be accepted. Holders who tender less than all of their Debentures must continue to hold Debentures in the minimum authorized denomination of \$1,000 principal amount.

### **DESCRIPTION OF DEBENTURES TENDERED**

**Name(s) and Address(es) of DTC**

**Participant and Participant's DTC**

**Account Number in which Debentures**

**are Held (Please fill in, if blank)**

**Aggregate Principal**

**Amount Represented\***

**Principal Amount Tendered\***


\* Unless otherwise indicated in the column labeled "Principal Amount Tendered" and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Offer to Purchase, a Holder will be deemed to have tendered the entire

aggregate principal amount represented by the Debentures indicated in the column labeled "Aggregate Principal Amount Represented." See Instruction 7.

If not already printed above, the name(s) and address(es) of the registered Holder(s) should be printed exactly as they appear on a security position listing such Holder(s) as the owner of the Debentures.

**The Offer is not being made to, and tenders will not be accepted from or on behalf of, Holders in any jurisdiction in which the making or the acceptance of the Offer would not be in compliance with the laws of such jurisdiction.**

**NOTE: SIGNATURES MUST BE PROVIDED BELOW.  
PLEASE READ THE ACCOMPANYING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.**

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned hereby tenders to Owens-Illinois, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Issuer”), upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Offer to Purchase dated March 8, 2017 (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the “Offer to Purchase”), the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the “Notice of Guaranteed Delivery”), receipt of both of which is hereby acknowledged, and this Letter of Transmittal, the principal amount of Debentures indicated in the table above entitled “Description of Debentures Tendered” under the column heading “Principal Amount Tendered” (or, if nothing is indicated therein, with respect to the entire aggregate principal amount represented by the Debentures described under the column heading “Aggregate Principal Amount Represented” in such table). The undersigned agrees to all of the terms and conditions of the Offer as set forth herein and in the Offer to Purchase. Capitalized terms used herein and not defined herein have the meanings given to them in the Offer to Purchase.

Subject to and effective upon the acceptance for purchase of, and payment for, the principal amount of Debentures tendered herewith in accordance with the terms and subject to the conditions of the Offer, the undersigned hereby irrevocably:

- (i) sells, assigns and transfers to or upon the order of the Issuer all right, title and interests in and to all of the Debentures tendered hereby;
- (ii) waives any and all other rights with respect to such Debentures; and
- (iii) waives, releases, forever discharges and agrees not to sue the Issuer or its former, current or future directors, officers, employees, agents, subsidiaries, affiliates, stockholders, partners, predecessors, successors, assigns or other representatives as to any and all claims, demands, causes of action and liabilities of any kind and under any theory whatsoever, whether known or unknown (excluding any liability arising under U.S. federal securities laws in connection with the Offer), by reason of any act, omission, transaction or occurrence, that the undersigned ever had, now has or hereafter may have against the Issuer as a result of or in any manner related to the undersigned’s purchase, ownership or disposition of the Debentures pursuant to the Offer or any decline in the value thereof, including without limitation any claims that the undersigned is entitled to receive additional principal or interest payments with respect to such Debentures or to participate in any redemption of such Debentures.

Without limiting the generality or effect of the foregoing, upon the purchase of Debentures pursuant to the Offer, the Issuer shall obtain all rights relating to the undersigned’s ownership of Debentures (including, without limitation, the right to all interest payable on the Debentures) and any and all claims relating thereto.

The undersigned hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints the Tender Agent the true and lawful agent and attorney-in-fact of the undersigned (with full knowledge that the Tender Agent also acts as the agent of the Issuer) with respect to such Debentures, with full powers of substitution and revocation (such power of attorney being deemed to be an irrevocable power coupled with an interest), to (i) present such Debentures and all evidences of transfer and authenticity to, or transfer ownership of such Debentures on the account books maintained by DTC to, or upon the order of, the Issuer, (ii) present such Debentures for transfer of ownership on the books of the Issuer and (iii) receive all benefits and otherwise exercise all rights of beneficial ownership of such Debentures, all in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Offer as described in the Offer to Purchase.

**The undersigned understands that tenders of Debentures before the Expiration Time may be validly withdrawn by complying with the procedures described in the Offer Documents, at any time before the earlier of (i) the Expiration Time and (ii) if the Offer is extended, the 10th business day after the commencement of the Offer. In addition, tendered Debentures may be withdrawn at any time after the 60th business day after the commencement of the Offer if for any reason the Offer has not been consummated within 60 business days after commencement.**

The undersigned acknowledges and agrees that a tender of Debentures pursuant to any of the procedures described in the Offer Documents and an acceptance of such Debentures by the Issuer will constitute a binding

agreement between the undersigned and the Issuer upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the Offer, which agreement will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

The undersigned acknowledges that the Issuer's obligation to accept for purchase, and to pay for, Debentures that are validly tendered and not validly withdrawn pursuant to the Offer is subject to the satisfaction or waiver at or prior to the Expiration Time of certain conditions as set forth in the Offer to Purchase under the caption "Terms of the Offer—Conditions to the Offer." In addition, subject to applicable laws and the terms set forth in the Offer to Purchase, the Issuer reserves the right, with respect to the Debentures, to (i) waive or modify in whole or in part any and all conditions to the Offer, (ii) extend the Expiration Time, (iii) upon failure of a condition set forth under "Terms of the Offer—Conditions to the Offer" at or prior to the Expiration Time, terminate the Offer or (iv) otherwise modify or amend the Offer in any respect.

The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that (i) the undersigned has full power and authority to tender, sell, assign and transfer the Debentures tendered hereby, and (ii) when such tendered Debentures are accepted for payment and paid for by the Issuer pursuant to the Offer, the Issuer will acquire good title thereto, free and clear of all liens, restrictions, charges and encumbrances and not subject to any adverse claim or right. The undersigned will, upon request, execute and deliver any additional documents deemed by the Tender Agent or by the Issuer to be necessary or desirable to complete the sale, assignment and transfer of the Debentures tendered hereby. No authority conferred or agreed to be conferred by this Letter of Transmittal shall be affected by, and all such authority shall survive, the death or incapacity of the undersigned, and any obligation of the undersigned hereunder shall be binding upon the heirs, executors, administrators, trustees in bankruptcy, personal and legal representatives, successors and assigns of the undersigned.

The Issuer is not required to accept for purchase any Debentures tendered after the Expiration Time. The Expiration Time may be extended, as described in the Offer to Purchase. The undersigned acknowledges that the delivery and surrender of any Debentures is not effective, and the risk of loss of the Debentures does not pass to the Tender Agent, until receipt by the Tender Agent of this Letter of Transmittal (or a copy thereof), properly completed and duly executed, together with all accompanying evidences of authority and any other required documents in form satisfactory to the Issuer.

All questions as to the form of all documents and the validity (including time of receipt) and acceptance of tenders and withdrawals of Debentures will be determined by the Issuer, in its sole discretion, and such determination shall be final and binding.

The undersigned hereby acknowledge(s) that any Debentures representing principal amounts not validly tendered or not accepted for purchase will be credited to the undersigned's account at DTC.

**PLEASE COMPLETE AND SIGN BELOW**

(This page is to be completed and signed by all tendering  
Holders except Holders executing the tender through ATOP)

By completing, executing and delivering this Letter of Transmittal, the undersigned hereby tenders the principal amount of Debentures listed in the table above labeled "Description of Debentures Tendered" under the column heading "Principal Amount Tendered" (or, if nothing is indicated therein, with respect to the entire aggregate principal amount represented by the Debentures described under the column heading "Aggregate Principal Amount Represented" in such table).

Signature(s): \_\_\_\_\_

(Must be signed by the DTC participant tendering Debentures on behalf of the Holder(s) of such Debentures exactly as such participant's name appears on a security position listing as the owner of such Debentures. If signature is by trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, attorney-in-fact, officer of a corporation or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, please set forth the full title and see Instruction 1.)

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_  
(Please Print)

Capacity: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Including Zip Code)

Area Code and Telephone Number: (    ) \_\_\_\_\_

Tax Identification or Social Security Number: \_\_\_\_\_

**Medallion Signature Guarantee  
(Only If Required—See Instructions 1 and 2)**

Authorized Signature of Guarantor: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Firm: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Area Code and Telephone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

[Place Seal Here]

**IMPORTANT: COMPLETE AND SIGN IRS FORM W-9 IN THIS LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL  
OR APPROPRIATE IRS FORM W-8**

## **Instructions for Holders forming part of the Terms and Conditions of the Offer**

1. *Signatures on Letter of Transmittal.* If any of the Debentures tendered hereby are registered in the names of two or more Holders, all such Holders must sign this Letter of Transmittal.

If this Letter of Transmittal is signed by a trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, attorney-in-fact, agent, officer of a corporation or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, such person should so indicate when signing, and proper evidence satisfactory to the Issuer of such person's authority to so act must be submitted with this Letter of Transmittal.

2. *Signature Guarantees.* Signatures on this Letter of Transmittal must be guaranteed by a firm that is a participant in the Security Transfer Agents Medallion Program, the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program or the Stock Exchange Medallion Program (a "Medallion Signature Guarantor") (generally a member of a registered national securities exchange, a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., or a commercial bank or trust company having an office in the United States) (an "Eligible Institution"), unless (a) this Letter of Transmittal is signed by the registered Holder of the Debentures tendered therewith (or by a participant in DTC whose name appears on a security position listing it as the owner of such Debentures) and payment of the Consideration is to be made, or if any Debentures for principal amounts not validly tendered or not accepted for purchase are to be issued, directly to such Holder (or, if tendered by a participant in DTC, any Debentures for principal amounts not tendered or not accepted for purchase are to be credited to such participant's account at DTC), or (b) such Debentures are tendered for the account of an Eligible Institution.

3. *Transfer Taxes.* Except as set forth in this Instruction 3, the Issuer will pay or cause to be paid any transfer taxes with respect to the transfer and sale of Debentures to it, or to its order, pursuant to the Offer. If payment is to be made to, or if Debentures not tendered or purchased are to be registered in the name of or delivered to, any persons other than the registered owners, or if tendered Debentures are registered in the name of any persons other than the persons signing this Letter of Transmittal, the amount of any transfer taxes (whether imposed on the registered Holder or such other person) payable on account of the transfer to such other person will be deducted from the payment unless satisfactory evidence of the payment of such taxes or exemption therefrom is submitted.

4. *Taxpayer Identification Number; Backup Withholding.* Payments made to tendering Holders may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding, currently at a rate of 28%. Each tendering U.S. Holder (as defined in the Offer to Purchase) is required to provide the Tender Agent with such Holder's correct taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), generally the Holder's social security or federal employer identification number, on Form W-9, which is provided below or, alternatively, to establish another basis for exemption from backup withholding. See the enclosed U.S. Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") Form W-9 for additional instructions. Each tendering Non-U.S. Holder (as defined in the Offer to Purchase), including entities, must submit an appropriate, properly completed IRS Form W-8 certifying, under penalties of perjury, to such Holder's foreign status in order to establish an exemption from backup withholding. The applicable IRS Form W-8 can be obtained from the Tender Agent or at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov). If the Tender Agent is not provided with the tendering Holder's correct TIN or an adequate basis for an exemption from backup withholding, such Holder may be subject to certain penalties imposed by the IRS. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. If withholding results in an overpayment of taxes, the Holder may be able to obtain a refund from the IRS. For a discussion of the tax consequences of tendering Debentures pursuant to the Offer to Purchase, see "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Offer to Purchase.

5. *Withdrawal of Tenders.* Debentures tendered may be withdrawn at any time before the earlier of (i) the Expiration Time and (ii) if the Offer is extended, the 10th business day after the commencement of the Offer. In addition, tendered Debentures may be withdrawn at any time after the 60th business day after the commencement of the Offer if for any reason the Offer has not been consummated within 60 business days after commencement. In the event of a termination of the Offer with respect to the Debentures, such Debentures will be credited to the account maintained at DTC from which such Debentures were delivered.

If the Issuer makes a material change in the terms of the Offer or the information concerning the Offer or waives a material condition of the Offer, the Issuer will disseminate additional Offer materials and extend the Offer by at least three business days from the date the Issuer first gives notice of the change to the Holders if the Offer would otherwise expire during such period or otherwise to the extent required by law. If the consideration to be paid in the Offer is increased or decreased, the Offer will remain open at least five business

days from the date the Issuer first gives notice to Holders, by public announcement, of such increase or decrease. In addition, the Issuer may, if it deems appropriate, extend the Offer for any other reason.

Any amendment to the Offer with respect to the Debentures will apply to all Debentures tendered in the Offer. Any extension or amendment of the Expiration Time with respect to the Debentures will be followed as promptly as practicable by public announcement thereof, the announcement in the case of an extension of the Expiration Time to be issued no later than 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next New York City business day after the previously scheduled Expiration Time. Without limiting the manner in which any public announcement may be made, the Issuer shall have no obligation to publish, advertise or otherwise communicate any such public announcement other than by issuing a press release.

If the Consideration to be paid in the Offer with respect to the Debentures is increased or decreased, the Offer will remain open at least five business days from the date the Issuer first gives notice to Holders, by public announcement prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the day of such increase or decrease. If the Issuer makes any other material change to the terms of the Offer, the Issuer will extend the Offer for at least three business days, if the Offer would otherwise expire during such period. The Issuer will announce any such change in a press release issued at least three business days, or in the case of a change in the Consideration, at least five business days, prior to the expiration of the Offer and prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the first day of such five- or three-business day period, as applicable. The Issuer will also describe any change in the Consideration to be paid in the Offer with respect to the Debentures in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission prior to 12:00 noon, New York City time, on the first day of such five-business day period. During any extension of the Offer, all Debentures previously tendered will remain subject to the Offer unless validly withdrawn at or prior to the Expiration Time.

Any Debentures that are tendered may be withdrawn at any time at or prior to the Expiration Time. For a withdrawal of Debentures tendered at or prior to the Expiration Time to be effective, a properly transmitted "Request Message" through ATOP or a notice of withdrawal must be delivered to the Tender Agent at or prior to the Expiration Time at its address set forth on the cover of this Letter of Transmittal. Any such notice of withdrawal must (i) specify the name of the participant in the book-entry transfer facility whose name appears on the security position listing as the owner of such Debentures, (ii) contain the description of the Debentures to be withdrawn and the aggregate principal amount represented by such Debentures, (iii) if other than a notice transmitted through ATOP, be signed by the Holder of such Debentures in the same manner as the original signature on this Letter of Transmittal by which such Debentures were tendered (including any required signature guarantees), or be accompanied by (A) documents of transfer sufficient to have the trustee for such Debentures register the transfer of the Debentures into the name of the person withdrawing such Debentures and (B) a properly completed irrevocable proxy authorizing such person to effect such withdrawal on behalf of such Holder, and (iv) specify the name and number of the account at the book-entry transfer facility to be credited with withdrawn Debentures. If the Debentures to be withdrawn have been delivered or otherwise identified to the Tender Agent, a signed notice of withdrawal is effective immediately upon written or facsimile notice of such withdrawal, even if physical release is not yet effected.

Any permitted withdrawal of Debentures may not be rescinded, and any Debentures validly withdrawn will thereafter be deemed not validly tendered for purposes of the Offer; provided, however, that validly withdrawn Debentures may be retendered by again following one of the appropriate procedures described herein at any time at or prior to the Expiration Time.

If following the Expiration Time, the Issuer is delayed in its acceptance for purchase of Debentures or is unable to purchase Debentures pursuant to the Offer for any reason, then, without prejudice to the Issuer's rights under the Offer Documents, tendered Debentures may be retained by the Tender Agent on behalf of the Issuer and may not be withdrawn (subject to Rule 14e-1(c) under the Exchange Act, which requires that a company pay the consideration offered or return the securities deposited by or on behalf of the investor promptly after the termination or withdrawal of a tender offer), except as otherwise provided under the Offer Documents. All questions as to the validity, form and eligibility (including time of receipt) of notices of withdrawal of Debentures will be determined by the Issuer, in its sole discretion (whose determination shall be final and binding). None of the Issuer, the Dealer Manager, the Tender Agent, the Information Agent, the Trustee or any other person will be under any duty to give notice of any defects or irregularities in any notice of withdrawal, or incur any liability for failure to give any such notice.

6. *Requests for Assistance or Additional Copies.* If a Holder of Debentures has questions about the Offer or procedures for accepting the Offer, the Holder should call the Dealer Manager or the Information Agent at



their telephone numbers set forth on the first page of this Letter of Transmittal. If a Holder would like additional copies of the Offer Documents, the Holder should contact the Information Agent at the web address and the telephone numbers set forth on the first page of this Letter of Transmittal.

7. *Partial Tenders.* Tender instructions of Debentures will be accepted in base denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. The tendering Holder should fill in the principal amount tendered in the fourth column of the table entitled “Description of Debentures Tendered” above. Holders who tender less than all of their Debentures must continue to hold Debentures in the minimum authorized denomination of \$1,000 principal amount. The entire principal amount of Debentures delivered to the Tender Agent will be deemed to have been tendered unless otherwise indicated. If the entire principal amount of all Debentures held by a Holder is not tendered, then substitute Debentures for the principal amount of Debentures not tendered and purchased pursuant to the Offer will be returned by credit to the Holder’s account at DTC.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Offer, the consummation of the Offer and the Issuer’s obligation to accept for purchase, and to pay for, Debentures validly tendered (and not validly withdrawn) pursuant to the Offer are also subject to the satisfaction or waiver at or prior to the Expiration Time of certain conditions, including the conditions set forth in “Terms of the Offer—Conditions to the Offer” in the Offer to Purchase. The Issuer reserves the right to amend or waive any of the conditions of the Offer, in whole or in part, at any time or from time to time, in its sole discretion, subject to compliance with applicable law. The Offer is not conditioned upon any minimum amount of Debentures being tendered.

8. *Irregularities.* All determinations as to the validity, form, eligibility (including time of receipt) and acceptance of any tendered Debentures pursuant to any of the procedures described above will be made by the Issuer in its sole discretion (whose determination shall be final and binding). The Issuer expressly reserves the absolute right, in its sole discretion, subject to applicable law, to reject any or all tenders of any Debentures determined by it not to be in proper form or if the acceptance for payment of, or payment for, such Debentures may be unlawful. The Issuer also reserves the absolute right, in its sole discretion, subject to applicable law, to waive or amend any of the conditions of the Offer, or to waive any defect or irregularity in any tender with respect to Debentures of any particular Holder, whether or not similar defects or irregularities are waived in the case of other Holders.

The Issuer’s interpretation of the terms and conditions of the Offer (including this Letter of Transmittal and the instructions hereto) will be final and binding. None of the Issuer, the Tender Agent, the Dealer Manager, the Information Agent, the Trustee or any other person will be under any duty to give notice of any defects or irregularities in tenders or will incur any liability for failure to give any such notice.

9. *Waiver of Conditions.* The Issuer expressly reserves the right at or prior to the Expiration Time to waive (or to seek to waive) any of the conditions to the Offer, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time.

10. *Delivery of this Letter of Transmittal and Book-Entry Confirmations; Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.*

You should use this Letter of Transmittal pursuant to the procedures set forth under the caption “Terms of the Offer—Procedure for Tendering Debentures” in the Offer to Purchase, unless instructions are being transmitted through ATOP. In order for you to properly tender Debentures, the Tender Agent must receive a confirmation of a book-entry transfer of all Debentures delivered electronically into the Tender Agent’s account at DTC, together with a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal (or manually signed facsimile thereof) with any required signature guarantees and any other documents required by this Letter of Transmittal, or a properly transmitted Agent’s Message, as applicable, by the Expiration Time.

*Guaranteed Delivery.* If you cannot deliver all required documents to the Tender Agent, by the Expiration Time, or the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis, you may tender your Debentures pursuant to the guaranteed delivery procedures described in the Offer to Purchase by or through any Eligible Institution. To comply with the guaranteed delivery procedures, you must: (i) properly complete and duly execute the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery; (ii) arrange for the Tender Agent to receive the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery by the Expiration Time; and (iii) ensure that the Tender Agent receives Book-Entry Confirmation of electronic delivery of the Debentures, together with a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal (or manually signed facsimile thereof) with any required signature guarantees and any other documents required by this Letter of Transmittal, or a properly transmitted Agent’s Message, as

applicable, within two business days after the Expiration Time, all as provided in the Offer to Purchase and the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery.

The Notice of Guaranteed Delivery may be delivered by facsimile transmission or mail to the Tender Agent and must include, if necessary, a guarantee by an Eligible Institution in the form set forth in such notice. For Debentures to be properly tendered under the guaranteed delivery procedure, the Tender Agent must receive the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery before the Expiration Time. If the ATOP procedures are used, the DTC participant need not complete and physically deliver the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. However, such DTC participant will be bound by the terms of the Offer.

**FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF DOUBT, THE DELIVERY OF SUCH DEBENTURES TENDERED BY GUARANTEED DELIVERY PROCEDURES WILL BE MADE NO LATER THAN 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON THE SECOND BUSINESS DAY AFTER THE EXPIRATION TIME; PROVIDED, THAT INTEREST WILL CEASE TO ACCRUE ON THE SETTLEMENT DATE FOR ALL DEBENTURES ACCEPTED IN THE OFFER, INCLUDING THOSE TENDERED BY THE GUARANTEED DELIVERY PROCEDURES SET FORTH ABOVE, AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES WILL ADDITIONAL INTEREST ON THE CONSIDERATION BE PAYABLE BY THE ISSUER AFTER THE SETTLEMENT DATE BY REASON OF ANY DELAY ON THE PART OF THE GUARANTEED DELIVERY PROCEDURES.**

**The method of delivery of this Letter of Transmittal, Debentures, the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery and all other required documents to the Tender Agent, including delivery through DTC and any acceptance or Agent's Message delivered through ATOP, is at the election and risk of Holders.** If delivery is by mail, it is suggested that Holders use properly insured registered mail, return receipt requested, and that the mailing be sufficiently in advance of the Expiration Time to permit delivery to the Tender Agent at or prior to such time. Except as otherwise provided below, the delivery will be deemed made when actually received or confirmed by the Tender Agent. This Letter of Transmittal should be sent only to the Tender Agent, not to the Issuer, DTC, the Trustee, the Information Agent or the Dealer Manager.

All tendering Holders, by execution of this Letter of Transmittal, waive any right to receive any notice of the acceptance of their Debentures for purchase.

11. *Expiration Time.* The Expiration Time means, with respect to the Offer, 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on March 14, 2017, or any later time and date to which the Issuer in its sole discretion (subject to applicable law) extends the Offer.

## Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the  
requester. Do not  
send to the IRS.

Print or type  
See Specific Instructions on page 2.

1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.	
2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only <b>one</b> of the following seven boxes: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶ _____ <b>Note.</b> For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶ _____	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____ <small>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</small>
5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
6 City, state, and ZIP code	
7 List account number(s) here (optional)	

### Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

**Note.** If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number									
				-					
or									
Employer identification number									
				-					

### Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

**Certification instructions.** You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 3.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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### General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

**Future developments.** Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at [www.irs.gov/fw9](http://www.irs.gov/fw9).

### Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

*If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.*

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.

**Note.** If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

**Special rules for partnerships.** Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

**Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien.** Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

## Backup Withholding

**What is backup withholding?** Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

**Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:**

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),

3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code* on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* above.

## What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code* on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

## Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

## Penalties

**Failure to furnish TIN.** If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

**Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding.** If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal penalty for falsifying information.** Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

## Specific Instructions

### Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

**Note. ITIN applicant:** Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

**Line 2**

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

**Line 3**

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

**Limited Liability Company (LLC).** If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

**Line 4, Exemptions**

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

**Exempt payee code.**

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5—A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 <sup>1</sup>	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 <sup>2</sup>
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

<sup>1</sup> See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

<sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

**Exemption from FATCA reporting code.** The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G—A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)

J—A bank as defined in section 581

K—A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

**Note.** You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

**Line 5**

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

**Line 6**

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

**Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)**

**Enter your TIN in the appropriate box.** If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note.** See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

**How to get a TIN.** If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at [www.ssa.gov](http://www.ssa.gov). You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at [www.irs.gov/businesses](http://www.irs.gov/businesses) and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting [irs.gov](http://irs.gov) or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note.** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

**Caution:** A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.



## Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code* earlier.

**Signature requirements.** Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

**1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

**2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983.** You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

**3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

**4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

**5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

## What Name and Number to Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account <sup>1</sup>
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee <sup>1</sup>  The actual owner <sup>1</sup>
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner <sup>3</sup>
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor <sup>4</sup>
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity <sup>4</sup>
9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
10. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

<sup>1</sup> List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

<sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

<sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

<sup>4</sup> List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 2.

**\*Note.** Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

**Note.** If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

## Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

**Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.** Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to [phishing@irs.gov](mailto:phishing@irs.gov). You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: [spam@uce.gov](mailto:spam@uce.gov) or contact them at [www.ftc.gov/idtheft](http://www.ftc.gov/idtheft) or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit [IRS.gov](http://IRS.gov) to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

## Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.